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| TI DOWNERS | | | - | | | |
|--------------|--------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| | Autumn 1 | Autumn 2 | Spring 1 | Spring 2 | Summer 1 | Summer 2 |
| | Once Upon a Time | Brick by Brick | Would a Dinosaur make a good | Could a wombat live at the North | I do like to be beside the seaside | Into the Woods |
| | | | pet? | Pole? | | |
| Maths | Number: Place value within 10 | Number: Addition and | Number: Addition and subtraction | Number: Place value within 50 – | Number: Multiplication and | Number: Place value within 100 |
| | Number: Addition and | subtraction within 10 | within 20 | multiples of 2, 5 and 10 included | division | Measurement: Money |
| | subtraction within 10 | Geometry: Shape | Measurement: Length and height | Measurement: Weight and | Number: Fractions | Measurement: Time |
| | Sastraction Within 10 | Number: Place value within 20 | integrational zengan una neigne | volume | Geometry: Position and direction | integration time |
| | | Transer rade value maini 20 | | Volume | Comery: Conton and an ection | |
| Mental | Add and subtract 1 to a 2-digit nur | nber, Subtract within 10, Adding | Counting in 10's, 5's and 2's. Number | er bonds to 20. Add and subtract | Know halves of even numbers to 20. | Know doubles to 10. Subtract any |
| maths | within 10. Number bonds to 10. | moen sastract within 1017 touring | 10 to/from a 2-digit number. Add 3 | | 1-digit number from any 2-digit num | • |
| | Within 10. Hamber beings to 10. | | 10 to, nom a 2 aigit namber , iaa 5 | single digit numbers together. | 2-digit number. | is contributed any 1 digit manifest to drift |
| Multiplicati | V1: underlying skills- doubling halv | ving honds to 10 hridging subtraction | on from a multiple of 10, repeated ad | dition/skin counting scaling 2.5.81 | | |
| on tables | 11. dilderlying skins doubling, nar | ving, bonds to 10, bridging, subtracti | on from a martiple of 10, repeated ad | dicion/ skip counting, scamig, 2, 3 & | 103 | |
| English | Matching uppercase and | The Three Little Pigs T4W and | 1 week focus on Theatre | Poetry | Literacy Shed | Wanted posters |
| Liigiisii | lowercase letters. | retell. | Production Visit | Postcards | Character/setting descriptions | Character/setting descriptions |
| | lowercase letters. | Non-fiction writing about pigs | Non-fiction | Non-fiction | Letters | Non-fiction |
| | Evaluring traditional tales | and wolves. | Letters | Non-netion | Letters | |
| | Exploring traditional tales. | | Letters | | | Literacy Shed |
| | Focus: | Character description. Retell | | | | |
| | -The Little Red Hen | story changing a character. | | | | Drama – conscience alley – hero |
| | -The Enormous Turnip | Compare and contrast traditional | | | | or villain |
| | | tale with alternative version. | | | | |
| | | Retell. | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | Drama – in character as pigs / | | | | |
| | | wolves | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Characterist | Mean, shy, funny, evil, selfish, gen | erous, adventurous, honest. | | | | |
| ics | | | | | | |
| Rainbow | Practise using correct colours for | -Understand noun as a naming | -Adjectives of size, colour and | -Proper nouns | -Simple present tense verbs | -Fronted adverbials of time |
| Grammar | subject, predicate, stop writing | word for a person, place or thing | character | -Expansion before the noun | including 3 rd person suffixes –s and | (when) and place (where) |
| | simple sentences. | -Determiners | -Singular and plural nouns | (Lucy goes to Market by Imogen | -es (Breathe by Scott Magoon) | (Funnybones by Janet & Allan |
| | | -Understand adjective as a word | -Comparative and superlative | Clare and Sanchia | (This is Sadie by Sara O'Leary and | Ahlberg) (A Dark Dark Tale by |
| | | that describes a noun (Handa's | forms –er and –est (Things that | Oppenheimer) | Julie Morstad) | Ruth Brown) (Grandad's Island |
| | | Surprise by Eileen Browne) | are the most in the world by Judi | -Prepositions and adverbials of | -Past tense verbs using –ed suffix | by Benji Davies) |
| | | | Barrett and John Nickel) | time | | -Understand to be and to have as |
| | | | | | | verbs. |
| Phonics | Phase 5 – See Phonics Shed | Phase 5 – See Phonics Shed | Phase 5 – See Phonics Shed | Phase 5 – See Phonics Shed | Phase 5 – See Phonics Shed | Phase 5 – See Phonics Shed |
| | | | | | | |
| Spelling | Please see Phonics Shed for High | Please see Phonics Shed for High | Please see Phonics Shed for High | Please see Phonics Shed for High | Please see Phonics Shed for High | -June – Phonics screening check |
| 1 | Frequency words and Common | Frequency words and Common | Frequency words and Common | Frequency words and Common | Frequency words and Common | -Post screening check gap filling |
| | exception words. | exception words. | exception words. | exception words. | exception words. | and consolidation |
| 1 | | | | | | |
| Handwriting | Letter families – ladder letters, | Letter families – ladder letters, | Tricky words/Common Exception | Tricky words/Common Exception | Common exception words | Common exception words |
| lianawilling | | - | | Words | Numbers, days of the week, | 1 |
| 1 | curly caterpillar letters, one- | curly caterpillar letters, one- | Words | | • | Numbers, days of the week, |
| 1 | armed robot letters, zigzag | armed robot letters, zigzag | | Numbers, days of the week, | months of the year | months of the year |
| 1 | | | • | months of the year | 1 | |
| | monster letters | monster letters | | , | | |
| Close read | monster letters | Christmas (Literacy Shed+) | Non-fiction – dinosaurs/Mary | The Arctic (Twinkl 60 second | Non-fiction – Seaside holidays in | Non-fiction – hedgehogs |
| Close read | monster letters | | Anning (Twinkl 60 second read/Lit | , | the past (Comprehension Ninja 6- | Gardens and Plants (Literacy |
| Close read | monster letters | | | The Arctic (Twinkl 60 second | - | |



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| Reading for Pleasure texts Visual | Fairy tales / Traditional tales | Houses and homes then and now, Materials non-fiction texts, Christmas texts | Dinosaur Rumpus, Non-fiction Dinosaur texts, How to grow a dinosaur, Rex, The Somethingosaur, Ten Little Dinosaurs, Mad about dinosaurs | Where Bear? Albert le Blanc – Nanuk the Ice Bear –Big Bear Little Brother –Rainbow Bear | Steven Seagull, Katie Morag, The Book with no pictures (vote on chapter book e.g. Esio Trot, Mr Majeika, Magic Faraway Tree) Literacy Shed – Bubbles | Fantastic Mr Fox, The Owl who was afraid of the dark, Castles (non-fiction) Literacy Shed – The Book of |
|------------------------------------|--|--|---|--|--|--|
| Literacy | | | | | · | Butterflies |
| Role play/small world | Three Little Pigs Building Site – straw, sticks and bricks. Real building materials. | Christmas Post Office/workshop | Mary Anning's Fossil Shop, Dinosaur Dig, Slime swamp. | Igloo / Arctic animals in ice. Australian animals small world. Tour of Australia | Lighthouse/Beach hut. Rockpool small world/tuff spot. Fish and chip shop | King John's Castle/The Great Oak, woodland habitat in tuff spot (woodland creature footprints/minibeasts) |
| Performanc e Poetry | Rhyme of the week (ongoing) Oh dear by Michael Rosen | | | | The Sound Collector by Robert McGough | |
| History | What is history? Past, time, ago, now, before, timeline, present, future, yet -Recognise the difference between past and present in their own and other's lives. | Houses and Homes past and present Detatched, semi-detatched, terraced, bungalow, crane, storey, bricks, pantry, range, central heating, washboard, lamp, -Identify ways in which the past is represented. | Prehistoric times/Mary Anning Dinosaur, prehistoric, fossil, rocks, bone, skeleton, skull, diary, evidence, timeline, search, sources Begin to find out about the past from books, pictures and stories. Knows that the past can be identified in different ways. | Arctic explorers / Inuit Inuit, Arctic, explorer, traditional, modern, discover, native, expedition, Roald Aamundsen, nomadic, igloo, hunt, bannock, animal skins, dog sled, -Talk about something that has already happened in their life and the wider world. | Seaside holidays past and present/Grace Darling Steamship, wreck, storm, waves, survivors, rescue, pier, resort, amusements, promenade, bathing machines, beach hut, lifeguard, Punch and Judy -Begin to find out about the past from books, pictures and storiesCan use adults to find out about the pastIdentify ways in which the past is representedKnows that the past can be identified in different ways. | Robin Hood & Castles Legend, forest, local, Robin Hood, King John, Sherwood, bow and arrow, archer, rich, poor, taxes, outlaw, the Great Oak, castle, ramparts, portcullis, tower, moat, dungeon, turret, gatehouse, drawbridge, catapult, canon, battering ram -Can begin to find out about the past from books, pictures and stories -Can use adults to find out about the pastIdentify ways in which the past is represented Knows that the past can be identified in |
| Geography | Weather in the UK Season, weather, weather pattern, United Kingdom, England, Wales, Scotland, Northern Ireland -Make simple observationsIdentify weather patterns in the UK. | Houses and Homes around the world -Respond to questions like what and where? -Carry out simple teacher led investigations e.g. identifying types of buildings in their locality. | Maps/Atlases Map, atlas, globe, country, world, Earth, England, Wales, Scotland, Northern Ireland, symbol, key, human features, physical features -Name, locate and identify characteristics of the four countries of the United KingdomUse globes, maps, plans and atlasesName and locate the world's seven continents. Start to make simple pictorial maps and plans. | Compare hot and cold locations. Continents Country, continent, Europe, Africa, North America, South America, Asia, Antarctica, Australia, world, Equator, North Pole, South Pole, -Begin to ask questions e.g. what is it like to live in this place? -Begin to express their own viewsName and locate the world's seven continents. | Oceans and seas. beach, cliff, coast, forest, hill, mountain, sea, ocean, Pacific ocean, Arctic ocean, Atlantic ocean, Southern ocean, Indian ocean, river, soil, valley, vegetation, season, weather; city, town, office, port, harbour, shop, lighthouse -Use simple geographical vocabulary including those for physical and human features e.g. beach, cliff, city, house etc. | compass, direction, north, south, east, west, left, right, near, far, route -Make simple observationsStart to make simple pictorial maps -Follow directions – near, far, left and rightCan use simple compass directions; north, south, east and westUse given secondary sources – aerial photos, stories and videos. |
| Science | Seasonal Changes: Observe changes across the seasons. Observe and describe weather associated with seasons and how day length varies. | Everyday Materials: Distinguish between an object and the material from which it is made. Identify and name a variety of everyday materials. Material, object, wood, plastic, glass, metal, water, rock, brick, | Animals Including Humans: Identify identify which are carnivores, herbit compare structure of common anim of human body and identify which in Fish, amphibian, reptile, bird, mamin omnivore, pet, wild, head, neck, arm mouth, teeth, sense, sight, smell, ta | vores and omnivores. Describe and nals. Identify and name basic parts is associated with each sense. mal, carnivore, herbivore, in, elbow, leg, knee, ear, eye, hair, | Everyday Materials: Describe simple physical properties of materials. Compare and group a variety of materials according to their properties. Material, object, wood, plastic, glass, metal, water, rock, brick, | Plants: Name and identify common wild and garden plants, including deciduous and evergreen trees. Identify and describe basic structure of a variety of common flowering plants, including trees. |



Pine

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|---------|--|--|---|--|--|---|
| | Season, Spring, Summer, Autumn, Winter, weather, temperature, daylight, hour Scientific enquiry – Make a table/chart -They recognise texts can give informationDescribe or respond appropriately to simple features of objects, living things and events they observeThey communicate their findings in simple drawings | paper, fabric, elastic, foil, property, hard, soft, stretchy, stiff, shiny, dull, rough, smooth, bendy, not bendy, waterproof, not waterproof, absorbent, not absorbent, opaque, transparent Scientific enquiry – What is the best material for a house? Link to 3 little pigs and the 3 little wolves -Respond to suggestions of how to find things out | Scientific enquiry – compare and contrast animal Can you taste without your nose? (apple vs raw proposerible or respond appropriately to simple featobserve. | ootato) | paper, fabric, elastic, foil, property, hard, soft, stretchy, stiff, shiny, dull, rough, smooth, bendy, not bendy, waterproof, not waterproof, absorbent, not absorbent, opaque, transparent Scientific enquiry – What is the best material for a beach towel? (Chocolate teacup) -Respond to suggestions of how to find things out -Understand the meaning of fair -Say what they think will happenUnder direction use simple equipment provided. | tree, plant, deciduous, evergreen, leaf, flower, blossom, petal, fruit, roots, seed, bulb, trunk, branches, stem, bud, daisy, dandelion, nettle, dock, buttercup, clover, rose, poppy, pansy, snowdrop, primrose, foxglove, daffodil, bluebell Scientific enquiry – Tree hunt: identify and observe plants closely and compare and contrast. Keep records of how plants change over time e.g. leaves falling off trees, buds opening. -Describe or respond appropriately to simple features of objects, living things and events they observeUnder direction use simple equipment provided. |
| Art | Self-portrait drawing (assessment) Austin's Butterfly – pumpkins Andy Goldsworthy – modern environmental structure -Record and explore ideas from first hand observationsReview what they are others have done and say what they think and feel about itCreate different textures e.g. use of sand, glitter. Use a simple graphics package to create images and effects with lines by changing the size of brushes in response to ideas Use a sketchbook to gather and collect art work. | Colour mixing (primary to secondary) Printing, textured paint. Picture of pig's house using computer software. printing wrapping paper (repeating pattern) -Make marks in print with a variety of objects, including natural and manmade objects. Build a repeating pattern and recognise pattern in the environment. | Clay footprint/dinosaur eye, dinosaur habitat in shoebox. -Use a variety of tools and techniques including the use of different brush sizes and types and work on different scalesExplore sculpture with a range of malleable media manipulating in a variety of ways, e.g. rolling, kneading and shaping. Use a variety of tools inc. pencils, rubbers, crayons, pastels, felt tips, charcoal, ballpoints, chalk and other dry media. | Hot and cold colours Observational drawing - sketching daffodils Australian Aboriginal art -Record and explore ideas from first hand observations. | Weaving Collage Lighthouse images on paint -Record and explore ideas from first hand observationsWith support explore how different materials can be used to create texture e.g. in collage. | Collage, leaf printing, bark rubbing Mondrian – abstract 1930s – including on computer software -Record and explore ideas from first hand observations Make marks in print with a variety of objects, including natural and manmade objects. Build a repeating pattern and recognise pattern in the environment. |
| D & T | Building Houses — The Three Little Build structures, exploring how they can be madesign, purposeful, product, tools, equipment, ronstruction, cutting, shaping, joining, finishing -Draws on their own personal experience to su-Begins to model their design -makes drawing with labels when designing -with help select, measure, mark out, cut and select and | de stronger, stiffer and more stable naterials, evaluate, structure, component, ggest ideas shape a range of materials | Design and make sliders and levers — moving pictures Key skill — cutting -Can make their design using appropriate techniques Begins to use folding, weaving etc. to change effects and properties of materials Can talk about their ideas and product, saying what they like and dislike and suggest possible changes | Skill – joining textiles using sewing and glue (hand puppet) -Can make their design using appropriate techniques. -Can improve the appearance of their product. -Begins to evaluate their product in relation to the purpose and design | | |
| Cookery | | | | | Fruit ice lollies Ingredients, nutrition, balanced diet, tools - Can follow safe procedures for food safety and hygiene. | |



| | | | | | - Using their knowledge of food and seasonal fruit and vegetables, can suggest healthy food combinations. | |
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| RE | Celebrations and festivals: Who celebrates what and why? (Christianity) -Can recount elements of religious stories with supportCan use some religious vocabulary related to storiesCan express their own experiences and feelings Can recognise interesting/puzzling aspects of life. | -Can recount elements of religious stories with supportCan use some religious vocabulary related to storiesCan recognise some religious symbols with supportCan use some religious vocabulary correctly. | Myself: How do we show care for others? (Christianity) -Can recognise religious objects/places/people/practices with supportCan recognise some religious symbols with supportCan use some religious vocabulary correctlyCan express their own experiences and feelingsTo understand the definition of right and wrong. | Easter: Bread, wine, buns and gardens Can recognise religious objects/places/people/practices with supportCan recognise some religious symbols with supportCan use some religious vocabulary correctly. | Stories of Jesus: What can we learn from them? How do they make a difference to people's lives? (The Creation Story, The Lost Sheep, The Good Samaritan, Feeding the 5000, Prodigal Son) -Can recount elements of religious stories with supportCan use some religious vocabulary related to storiesTo understand the definition of right and wrongCan express their own experiences and feelings. | Symbols: In what way are churches important to believers? (Christianity) -Describe some religious ideas from stories and some basic religious beliefs and teachings, using some religious vocabularyDescribe some religious objects/ places/people/practicesBegin to suggest meanings for some religious actions and symbols. |
| Computing | Multimedia – logging on, using a keyboard, accessing programs -I can use the keyboard or word bank on my device to enter text. E-safety — keeping passwords private -I can keep my password private -I can tell you what personal information is. | Programming — Barefoot: House patterns activity -I can begin to predict what will happen for a short sequence of instructions when using software/apps to create movement and patterns on a screen. E-safety — ThinkUKnow 'Heroes' Hector's World (checking with an adult before going online) -I can tell an adult when I see something unexpected or worrying online. | Programming Barefoot: Beebots basics, Beebots 123. -I can begin to predict what will happen for a short sequence of instructions when using software/apps to create movement and patterns on a screenI can use the word debug when I correct mistakes when I program. Technology in our lives Recognise ways technology is used in the classroom, home and community. Identify some benefits of using technology. -I can recognise the ways we use technology in our classroom, homes and communityI can begin to identify some of the benefits of using technology. | Handling Data Wombat visits JBS (book creator) -I can use technology to collect information, including photos, video and sound. E-safety — ThinkUKnow 'Details, details' (lesson 1 Hector's World) -I can tell you what personal information is. | Multimedia Combine text with pictures, save in folder. -I can use technology to create and present my ideas. I can find a picture using the internt | Programming Barefoot: patterns unplugged -I can begin to predict what will happen for a short sequence of instructions when using software/apps to create movement and patterns on a screenI can use the word debug when I correct mistakes when I program. E-Safety Barefoot Safety Snakes -I can tell and adult when I see something unexpected or worrying online. |
| PE | Ball Skills Team Building | Gymnastics @ 776 Multi-Skills with Gary West | Yoga Games | Dance with Premier Education Multi-skills with Gary West | Cricket with Chance to Shine Multi-skills with Gary West | Athletics with Premier Education |
| | | | | | | Sports Day Practise |
| Spanish | *Recognise, recall, and spell up to ten animals in Spanish with their correct indefinite article/determiner. *Understand better that articles/determiners have more options in Spanish than they do in English. | *Recognise, recall, and spell up to ten animals in Spanish with their correct indefinite article/determiner. *Understand better that articles/determiners have more options in Spanish than they do in English. | *Name and recognise up to 10 shapes in Spanish. *Attempt to spell some of these nouns *Recognise that nouns are commonly associated with an article in Spanish and in this case 'UN' or 'UNA'. | *Name and recognise up to 10 shapes in Spanish. *Attempt to spell some of these nouns *Recognise that nouns are commonly associated with an article in Spanish and in this case 'UN' or 'UNA'. | *Name up to five common Spanish verbs/activities. * Spell up to five of these verbs accurately. *Match up to five verbs/activities to their picture easily and attempt more if I have time to remind myself of the language first. | *Name up to five common Spanish verbs/activities. * Spell up to five of these verbs accurately. *Match up to five verbs/activities to their picture easily and attempt more if I have time to remind myself of the |

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| | *Use and become more familiar with the high frequency 1st person conjugated verb 'soy' (I am), from the infinitive verb 'ser' (to be) Los animales (The animals) un a (masculine) una a (feminine) un caballo a horse un cerdo a pig un león a lion un pájaro a bird | *Use and become more familiar with the high frequency 1st person conjugated verb 'soy' (I am), from the infinitive verb 'ser' (to be). un mono a monkey un pato a duck un ratón a mouse un conejo a rabbit una oveja a sheep una vaca a cow soy I am | *Have an opportunity to learn and/or revise Un triángulo A triangle 3 Tres Three Un cuadrado A square 4 Cuatro Four Un óvalo An oval 5 Cinco Five Un círculo A circle Círculos Circles Un rectángulo A rectangle | *Have an opportunity to learn and/or revise numbers 1-5. Triángulos Triangles Un pentágono A pentagon Cuadrados Squares Un hexágono A hexagon Rectángulos Rectangles Un rombo A rhombus Óvalos Ovals Una línea A line Hexágonos Hexagons Una estrella A star Pentágonos Pentagons Dibujad Draw Rombos Rhombuses/Rhombi 1 Uno One Estrellas Stars 2 Dos Two Líneas Lines | *To be able to do some of these activities in Spanish by using puedo. Bailar To dance Comer To eat Cantar To sing Beber To drink Cocinar To cook Ver la tele To watch TV Saltar To jump | language first. *To be able to do some of these activities in Spanish by using puedo. Escribir To write Hablar To talk Puedo I am able to Escuchar To listen |
|-------|---|--|---|--|--|--|
| RSE | Why do we have rules? (Bella's Rules) Who is in my family? (Love is a family) Who are my important people? (Under the Love Umbrella) | What makes a person? (Whoever you are) What makes me happy? (Augustus and his smile) What does sad feel like? (My Yellow Balloon) | Is it kind or unkind? (Thank you, Omu!) Is teasing ever okay? (Tease Monster) What should I do if I don't like it? (No means no!) | What does worry feel like? (The Huge Bag of Worries) How do I keep safe? (No Dragons for Tea) What should I do in an emergency? (George's Dragon at the Fire Station) | When should I wash my hands? (I don't want to wash my hands!) Why are teeth important? (The Tooth Book) What should I do with money? (A chair for my Mother) | What did I need as a baby? (The Baby's Catalogue) How can I be more grown up? (Peter's Chair) Do I have to be the best? (Giraffes Can't Dance) |
| Music | Singing: To use their voices expressively and creatively by singing songs, rhymes and speaking chantsHigh and low notesRhythm and rhyme -Volume -Pulse -Use their voices expressively -Clap or tap a steady beat as directed by an adultRecognise and respond to music e.g. moving, actions, talking, pictures -Listen with concentration and understanding to a range of high-quality live and recorded music. | Performance and Expression: To memorise songs and use their voices creatively for a performance with a real audience. Key Stage 1 Christmas Production -Whole class/key stage singingSolo and group partsEvaluate and improve on their performance ready for the final showcase of our production. -Use their voices expressively -Clap or tap a steady beat as directed by an adultListen with concentration and understanding to a range of high-quality live and recorded music. | Instruments: To play tuned and untuned instruments musically. -Drums (variety of sizes) -Bells -Triangles -Maracas -Cymbals -Wooden blocks (Individual music tuition will take place for piano drums and guitars). -Play untuned instruments as directed. -Clap or tap a steady beat as directed by an adult. | Experimenting With Sound: To experiment with and combine sounds using the inter-related dimensions of music. Story musicUsing sound for dramatic effectsSounds effects to match a character or event in a story. - Choose and organise sounds to match a stimulus Create short melodic and rhythmic patterns. | Listen and Appreciate: To listen with concentration and understanding to a range of high-quality live and recorded musicpitch -duration -dynamics -tempo -timbre -texture -Listen with concentration and understanding to a range of high-quality live and recorded music. | Create and Compose Music: To experiment with and combine sounds using percussion instruments. -Combine song collections with appropriate instruments. -Play instruments in time with the music and at an appropriate volume. -Independently choose instruments for different songs. -Use their voices expressively -Choose and organise sounds to match a stimulus. -Create short melodic and rhythmic patterns. |